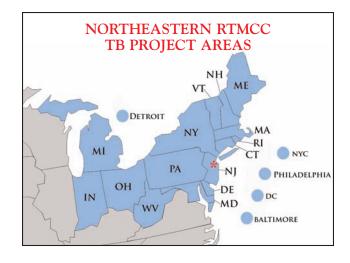


SUMMER 2007 VOLUME 2 , NUMBER 2

Dear Colleague:

Greetings from Geneva: I'm sure that readers of this newsletter, like myself, have been receiving many questions recently from members of the public, friends, family, concerned citizens, and media organizations regarding the recent case of an XDR TB patient who traveled on two overseas flights and was placed under a federal isolation order by the CDC. This case should should remind us all that the STOP TB slogan for this year's World TB Day: "TB Anywhere is TB Everywhere", is completely true! This fellow with XDR TB, besides becoming the most famous person in the world for a time (unfortunately), reminds us that anybody can get TB, and that good TB control cures TB and prevents MDR TB and XDR TB. This case and the resulting interest provides us with a unique opportunity to highlight just how important effective TB control is.

On-Line Survey: WE VALUE YOUR FEEDBACK! CLICK HERE AND TELL US WHAT YOU THINK OF OUR NEWSLETTER



In this issue we report on some of our efforts to strengthen TB control efforts in the United States through training and education, including an update on our 3 Pocket Cards on the Treatment of TB, which have just been revised to reflect the most recently published guidelines. These have been, by far, our most frequently requested educational products. They include Standard

continued on next page

The Northeastern Regional Training and Medical Consultation Consortium is a collaborative effort of the Charles P. Felton National Tuberculosis Center at Harlem Hospital, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Division of Tuberculosis Prevention and Control, and the NJ Medical School Global Tuberculosis Institute and provides training, technical assistance, and medical consultation to health care professionals throughout the Northeastern United States.

RTMCC Communications Sub-Committee: Bill Bower, MPH \bullet Chris Hayden \bullet Erin Howe, MPH Newsletter design by Judith Rew

We would like your feedback...please let us know what you think of this newsletter, future newsletter ideas, and/or article contributions you wish to make. Send an email to Chris Hayden, Newsletter Editor at haydench@umdnj.edu. Thanks!



NEW JERSEY MEDICAL SCHOOL

GLOBAL Tuberculosis Institute

225 Warren Street, Newark, NJ 07101-1709 (973) 972-3270 www.umdnj.edu/globaltb

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MOST WANTED REMAINS MOST CURRENT: The RTMCC's Revised TB Treatment Pocket Cards

New Jersey Medical School Global

Institute

Tuberculosis

Standard Therapy for Active Disease in Children

The NJMS Global Tuberculosis Institute pocket cards on TB treatment are among the most requested TB-related educational products in the United States. This has been verified by requests for these cards on both treatment of disease and infection at the GTBI, as well as through the training needs assessments from our sister RTMCCs. This year, the GTBI is updating its cards to ensure their

cards will be updated: Treatment of Tuberculosis: Standard Therapy for Active Disease in Adults and Adolescents

continued usefulness. The following

- Treatment of Tuberculosis: Standard Therapy for Active Disease in Children
- Treatment of Tuberculosis in Adult and Adolescent Patients Co-Infected with the Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)

The 3 pocket cards on treatment of latent TB infection, produced by our partners at the Charles P. Felton National Tuberculosis Center at Harlem Hospital, are also being revised this year and will be highlighted in a future RTMCC newsletter.

While there has not been a revised consensus statement on TB treatment since the one issued in 2002 by the American Thoracic Society, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and

Infectious Diseases Society of America, changes published in other national guidelines have been incorporated. A new edition (2006) of the American Academy of Pediatrics Committee on Infectious Diseases Red Book has been issued as part of its three-year update cycle. Additionally, updated Guidelines for the Use of Antiretroviral Agents in HIV-Infected Adults and Adolescents from the Panel on Antiretroviral Guidelines for Adult and Adolescents were released in October of 2006. Finally, there have been a number of studies related to drug usage and toxicities which have changed practice and, therefore, what we print on our cards. Some of these changes include:

- Recall of the second-line drug gatifloxacin
- An increase in the maximum dosing for rifapentine (10-15 mg/kg [600-900 mg maxiuml)
- Addition of 2 new antiretroviral drugs for HIV infection, darunavir and tipranavir, in the protease

inhibitor category

Standard Therapy for Active Disease in Adults

In addition, we have made formatting changes and expanded on some details based on feedback from requestors, stakeholders, and expert reviewers.

New Jersey Medical School Tuberculosis

infected with the Hur

Programs who wish to adapt the card are welcome to do so. In a number of cases, we have provided the graphics file of the cards to programs who have included program-specific information on their version. This can be an effective method for marketing a state. county, or city TB program and providing relevant guidance appropriate to local practice and regulations.

If you wish to order the cards or adapt them, please contact us at 973-972-0979. The new cards will be available in July and can be downloaded at: http://www.umdnj.edu/globaltb/diagnosis &treatment.htm

Submitted by: Rajita Bhavaraju, MPH Training and Consultation Specialist NJMS Global Tuberculosis Institute

Dear Colleague

continued from page 1

Therapy for Active Disease in Adults and Adolescents, Standard Therapy for Active Disease in Children, and Treatment of TB in Adult and Adolescent Patients Co-Infected with HIV.

This issue also features a profile of the new TB Program Director for the Indiana State Department of Health, Sarah Burkholder, RN, MPH. She brings with her a wealth of communicable disease experience, both

internationally, as well as at the local health department level. Her education and experience should serve her well in achieving her goal of "sustaining a vibrant TB program in a low incidence state."

In February 2007, the GTBI conducted its second TB Intensive Workshop. First conducted last year, this popular course provides physician and nurse clinicians with an in-depth review of the principles and application of TB transmission, diagnosis, and treatment, as well as the management of TB in special populations. This issue reviews

the origin and evolution of this course and how we plan to use feedback to make further revisions.

In closing, all of the efforts made by TB program staff and by partners in the Northeastern RTMCC are key in the effort to eliminate TB. Let us use the recent events to remind ourselves just how important these efforts are!

Lee B. Reichman, MD, MPH Executive Director NIMS Global Tuberculosis Institute

STAFF PROFILE

PROFILES IN TB PREVENTION AND CONTROL Indiana: Sarah Burkholder, RN, MPH

Sarah Burkholder may be new on the job, but she's far from inexperienced. As TB Program Director for the Indiana State Department of Health since January 2007, she brings with her a background in both nursing and public health. Most recently she worked for the Marion County (IN) Health Department where she served as HIV Nurse Epidemiologist for a little over a year. From there she was recruited by the state to head up the TB Program. She also served for 8 years as Manager of the Community Health Nursing Division for the Elkhart County Health Department, overseeing communicable diseases (including TB), screening programs, and outpatient clinics.

So, how did Sarah Burkholder, a native of Virginia, wind up being the TB Controller for the State of Indiana? As a very young girl, she knew she

health, and agriculture. She first became familiar with tuberculosis in Bolivia - not to mention polio, malaria, pertussis, measles, and neonatal tetanus! During the first three years, Sarah was assigned to a very rural part of the country, working with "health promoters" – what we might refer to as outreach workers or neighborhood advocates. For the remainder of her stay there, she assumed an administrative role as Director of the Mennonite Central Committee's Health Program working in conjunction with the Bolivian Ministry of Health.

She was particularly fascinated by the effect that certain public health interventions had on the country's morbidity. As an example, she recalled that the institution of sterile instruments to cut umbilical cords and the application of gentian violet significantly decreased the rate of neonatal tetanus.

Probably the most significant challenges she faces are "sustaining a vibrant TB Program in a low incidence state and increasing communication between local and state health departments". To achieve these objectives, Sarah visits local health departments to meet face to face with the nursing staff. She also attends TB meetings in the four regions of the state. In addition, she has created a newsletter, "TB Tidbits" which provides information about outbreaks in Indiana and neighboring states, highlights certain aspects of the annual report, and announces upcoming TB-related events.

wanted to become a nurse and work with the Native American population. In 1976, she received a BS degree in Nursing from the Medical College of Virginia in Richmond (now Virginia Commonwealth University) and immediately went to work in a surgical intensive care unit.

However, in the late 1970's and early 1980's, she spent six years living and working in Bolivia as a nurse volunteer. She was affiliated with the Mennonite Central Committee, which she explained is based on a community development model, much like the Peace Corps, incorporating education,

This experience eventually led Sarah to pursue an advanced degree in Public Health at the University of Michigan where she completed the Master of Public Health Program.

In her new position as TB Program Director, some of her responsibilities include:

- Analyzing surveillance data to identify trends
- Acting as a resource for the state's TB Nurse Consultants
- Developing a three-year TB Strategic Plan
- Developing and revising TB policies and protocols



Probably the most significant challenges she faces are "sustaining a vibrant TB Program in a low incidence state and increasing communication between local and state health departments". To achieve these objectives, Sarah visits local health departments to meet face to face with the nursing staff. She also attends TB meetings in the four regions of the state. In addition, she has created a newsletter, "TB Tidbits" which provides information about outbreaks in Indiana and neighboring states, highlights certain aspects of the annual report, and announces upcoming TB-related events.

When not at work, Sarah enjoys reading. Recent novels she's read are the "Kite Runner" and the "Secret Life of Bees". She also enjoys traveling and her "most treasured experiences" are trips to places that are off the beaten track. She's hiked the Inca Trail in Bolivia where the terrain ranged from mountain tops to the rain forest.

It will come as no surprise to hear that Sarah's long-term goal is to "get back into international public health". But in the meantime, her adopted state of Indiana is fortunate to have someone with her passion and commitment to healthcare heading up their TB Program!

Submitted By D.J. McCabe, RN, MSN Trainer and Consultant, Clinical Programs NJMS Global Tuberculosis Institute

TRAINING COURSES

TB Intensive Workshop

In an era of declining TB incidence, a major challenge to the successful control of tuberculosis is maintaining clinical expertise. Continued progress toward the elimination of TB requires improvements in existing clinical and public health practices. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, new guidelines and recommendations are more effective when supplemented with targeted education. In particular, clinicians should understand the significance of local epidemiology and be able to identify and treat high-risk patients with LTBI, evaluate, report, and treat patients with suspected or confirmed TB disease, and collaborate with local health jurisdictions.

The TB Intensive Workshop was developed to address these needs, as well as those identified in the RTMCC needs assessment conducted in 2005. We first offered this as a two-day course in June 2006. In response to participant suggestions for improvement, the course was expanded to two and a half days in February 2007. The workshop covered TB epidemiology, transmission and pathogenesis, diagnostic techniques, treatment of LTBI and TB disease, TB genotyping, interpretation of chest radiographs, TB contact investigations, TB-HIV co-infection, management of MDR-TB, pediatric TB, and surgical approaches to TB treatment. Case

studies of varying complexity were presented at the end of each day to synthesize didactic and practical experiences, in which participants offered strategies for diagnosing and treating TB patients.

In order to provide diverse perspectives, the faculty included highly qualified TB experts from various disciplines and geographic locations (New Jersey, New York City, and Philadelphia). The course was attended by 35 physicians and nurses who came from TB programs in Indiana, Maryland, New Jersey, New York State, and Vermont, as well as one observer from the Division of Tuberculosis Elimination at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Participant feedback about the course content and faculty members was favorable. The sessions on interpretation of chest radiographs, pediatric TB, TB/HIV co-infection, multi-drug resistant TB and surgical approaches to TB treatment were particularly well received. Participants indicated they would use the information learned from the course in the management of TB patients, share the material with colleagues, and recommend the course to co-workers. A number of individuals suggested increasing the duration of the workshop to enable them to ask more questions and therefore, better assimilate the

extensive information presented. The pre and post tests findings showed that there was an overall increase in knowledge about TB. As a result of the course, participants could more effectively list the differences between TB infection and TB disease, identify the uses of genotyping, interpret TST positivity among different groups, and differentiate between primary and secondary drug resistance.

The success of the course was due in great part to the faculty expertise, participants' interest in the topics, and relevance of the content to participants' duties. This workshop will be offered again in the fall and may be extended to 3 full days. Individuals who would like more information on the course, including specific dates, location, and applications may check the following website:

http://www.umdnj.edu/globaltb/courses.htm

1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Controlling Tuberculosis in the United States: recommendations from the American Thoracic Society, CDC, and the Infectious Diseases Society of America. MMWR 2005;54(No.RR-12):3-27.

Submitted By Anita Khilall Health Educator NIMS Global Tuberculosis Institute

TB Medical Consultation

Medical Consultation Services: NE RTMCC physicians respond to requests from providers seeking medical consultation through:

- Our toll-free TB Infoline: 1-800-4TB-DOCS and
- Email: http://www.umdnj.edu/globaltb/emailform.htm

During each consultation, the NE RTMCC physicians will advise providers of TB Program resources for consultation in their jurisdiction. In addition, TB programs will be informed of TB cases with public health implications.

Medical Consultant Web-Based Grand Rounds: Every other month, designated TB program medical consultants are invited to participate in a web-based TB case conference (or grand rounds). Consultants are encouraged to present challenging TB cases on which they would like feedback from their colleagues throughout the Region. The next conference is scheduled for June 26 at 4:00 p.m. TB program medical consultants who would like to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 or lardizaba are described to present a case should contact Dr. Alfred Lardizabal at 973-972-8452 o

UPCOMING TB TRAINING

NE RTMCC Training Courses Planned for 2007

	O		
NAME OF COURSE	TARGET AUDIENCE	DATE(S)	LOCATION
How to Teach Tuberculin Skin Testing: A Train-the-Trainer Workshop http://www.umdnj.edu/globaltb/courses/tstcourse.htm	Nurses who train HCWs to perform skin testing	July 25-26	Newark, NJ
TB Update (#3): Overview of MDR TB http://www.umdnj.edu/globaltb/courses/overviewofmdr.htm	Physicians and nurses and TB program staff	August 15	Web-Based Seminar
Best Practices in TB Control (#3): Legal Interventions in TB Control	TB control staff	September 11	Web-Based Seminar
Cultural Competency and TB: General Principles	TB control staff	September 24	Salem, MA
Cultural Competency and TB: General Principles and Case Studies with Ecuadorian Migrants	Nurses, disease investigators, and translators serving Ecuadorian migrants	October 2	New York State
Smear Tactics, Culture, and Beyond: What the TB Laboratory Can Do For You	Health care workers in TB programs	October 11	Web-Based Seminar
Effective TB Interviewing & Contact Investigation Workshops (2 Workshops)	Disease investigators and public health nurses	Fall Fall	New York State New York State
TB Intensive Workshop	Physicians, nurses, and TB control staff	October 23-25	Newark, NJ
TB Case Management and Contact Investigation for Nurses Course	Nurse case managers	Fall	New Jersey
TB Program Manager's Workshop http://www.umdnj.edu/globaltb/ courses/tbworkshop.htm	Nurses, physicians and other health professionals working as tuberculosis program managers	October 3-5	Newark, NJ
TB Update	Physicians and clinic/ public health nurses	Fall	Connecticut
Outreach Workers Update	Disease investigators	October 16	Massachusetts
Effective TB Interviewing and Contact Investigation Workshop http://www.umdnj.edu/globaltb/ courses/brochures/effectivetb.htm	Disease investigators and public health nurses	November 15	Wye Mills, MD
TB Update (#4): TB in the Elderly	Physicians and nurses	December 5	Web-Based Seminar
-			

TB Program Training Courses Planned for 2007

JPCOMING TB TRAINING

TB PROGRAM SPONSOR	NAME OF COURSE	TARGET AUDIENCE	TARGET AREA	DATES	LOCATION	CONTACT PERSON
MI	Tuberculin Skin Test - Train the Trainer	TST Trainers	MI & Vicinity	June 8 Aug. 7 Nov. 6	Lansing	Gail Denkins Denkinsg@michigan.gov www.michigantb.org (train scheduling)
MD	TB Skin Testing	Licensed Clinicians	MD	TBD	TBD	Arlene Hudak 410-767-6698
NH	TB: Recent Advances for an Ancient Disease (Tentative Title)	Health Care providers	NH & Surrounding States	Oct. 29	Southern NH Medical Center Nashua, NH	Lisa.b.roy@dhhs.state.nh.us 603-271-4492

WHAT'S NEW

What's New

CDC TB Website Address (URL) Change On April 18, 2007, the website addresses (URLs) on the CDC Division of TB Elimination's (DTBE) website were changed to remove the National Center for HIV, STD, and TB Prevention's abbreviation "NCHSTP" from the URLs. The new address for CDC TB homepage is http://www.cdc.gov/tb. All HTML pages have redirects from the old pages to the new pages. Because PDF pages cannot be redirected, they cannot be accessed using the old URLs. Click here

(http://www.cdc.gov/tb/urlupdate.htm) if you need help in locating a particular DTBE webpage.

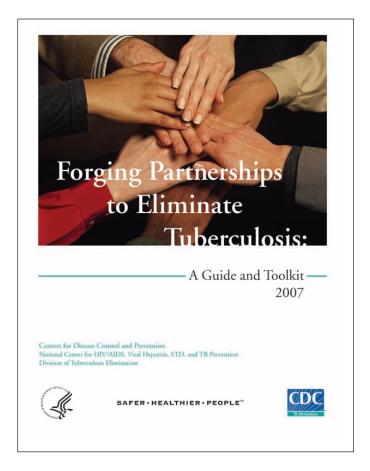
Forging Partnerships to Eliminate TB: A Guide and Toolkit, 2007 This new publication from CDC's Division of TB Elimination emphasizes reaching and involving nontraditional partners in TB prevention and control efforts. The purpose of the *guide* is to provide TB controllers and state and local TB programs with the basic information they need to create and sustain productive TB partnerships. The purpose of the *toolkit* is to make it easier to implement the tips and strategies provided in the guide.

This product can be accessed at http://www.cdc.gov/tb/pubs/forge/default.htm.

New Fact Sheets on Extensively Drug-Resistant Tuberculosis (XDR-TB) CDC's Division of TB Elimination has published following new fact sheets on XDR-TB:

- Extensively Drug-Resistant Tuberculosis (XDR-TB) http://www.cdc.gov/tb/pubs/tbfactsheets/xdrtb.pdf
- CDC's Role in Preventing XDR-TB http://www.cdc.gov/tb/pubs/tbfactsheets/cdcandxdrtb.pdf

Updated Information From CDC on XDR-TB (Including US Traveler with XDR-TB) CDC's Division of TB Elimination posts late-breaking news and guidelines related to XDR-TB, including the investigation of a U.S. traveler who may have exposed other passengers during two overseas flights. Information can be accessed at: http://www.cdc.gov/tb/XDRTB/default.htm



WHO Bulletin Devotes May Issue to TB Tuberculosis is the special theme for the May 2007 issue the WHO Bulletin (International Journal of Public Health). International TB experts and researchers present timely articles on such topics as TB control planning; promising new tools for prevention, detection and cure; how reliable are the data?; The Global Drug Facility; barriers to completing treatment; supervised administration of treatment; round table discussion on drug resistance; public health classic: lessons from the past; and an interview with Jorge Sampaio, UN special envoy to Stop TB. The entire issue can be accessed at:

http://www.who.int/bulletin/volumes/85/5/en/index.html

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Northeastern Spotlight SUMMER 2007

Match the Composer with the Bio Sketch

Many famous classical composers of the West suffered from and likely died from tuberculosis. Before the era of chemotherapy, it was commonly believed that TB bestowed upon its victims an enhanced capacity for inspiration and creativity. Given the enduring works produced by the composers listed, it's hard to deny such a theory.

COMPOSER	BIO SKETCH	SAMPLE RECORDING
Ludwig Van Beethoven	1743-1805. He was a classical era composer and cellist from Italy whose music retained a courtly and galante style while he matured somewhat apart from the major European musical centers. He is mostly known for one particular minuet from his String Quintet in E, Op. 11, No. 5, and the Cello Concerto in B flat major (G 482).	<u>Listen</u>
Luigi Boccherini	1770-1827. Born in Germany, he moved to Vienna in his early 20s, studied with Joseph Haydn, and gained a reputation as a virtuoso pianist. Despite gradual hearing loss beginning in his twenties, he continued to produce notable masterpieces throughout his life, even when he was almost totally deaf, including Symphony No. 5 in C minor.	Listen
Frédéric Chopin	1843-1907. He was a Norwegian composer and pianist who composed in the romantic period. He is best known for his <i>Piano Concerto in A minor</i> , for his incidental music to the play <i>Peer Gynt</i> (including <i>Morning Mood</i> and <i>In the Hall of the Mountain King</i>), and for his collection of piano miniatures <i>Lyric Pieces</i> . Sticken with TB at age 17, he was forced to limit his international travel and create music that was specifically Norwegian.	<u>Listen</u>
Edvard Grieg	1782-1840. He was an Italian violinist, violist, guitarist, and composer. He was one of the greatest violinists who ever lived, with perfect intonation and innovative techniques. It was rumored by his contemporaries that he had sold his soul to the devil for his unbelievable ability.	<u>Listen</u>
Niccolò Paganini	1882-1971. Born in Russia, he was naturalized first in France and then in the US. Considered by many in the West to be the most influential composer of 20th century music, his most famous works include <i>Firebird</i> and <i>The Rite of Spring</i> . He also achieved fame as a pianist and a conductor. Despite recurring bouts of TB (including 5 months in a sanatorium), he lived a long and productive life.	Listen
Henry Purcell	1810-1849. Born in Poland, he is widely regarded as one of the most famous, influential, and prolific composers for piano. At age 20, he moved to Paris where he made a career as performer, teacher and composer. He made significant innovations in forms of the piano sonata, waltz, nocturne, and etude. His TB seems to have shaped his music in which he transformed personal suffering into lyrical beauty. From 1837 to 1847 he had a turbulent relationship with the French writer George Sand who movingly recounted his continual struggle with TB.	<u>Listen</u>
Igor Stravinsky	1659-1695. He is considered to be one of England's greatest composers. He incorporated Italian and French stylistic elements, but devised a peculiarly English style of Baroque music. His death at age 36 was probably due to galloping consumption. Three of his 6 children died in infancy, probably also from TB.	<u>Listen</u>

Adapted from information obtained from Jacques Chretien's Tuberculosis: The Illustrated History of a Disease, and Wikipedia.

SYZII

Other TB Resources

DIVISION OF TUBERCULOSIS ELIMINATION

The mission of the Division of Tuberculosis Elimination (DTBE) is to promote health and quality of life by preventing, controlling, and eventually eliminating tuberculosis from the United States, and by collaborating with other countries and international partners in controlling tuberculosis worldwide. http://www.cdc.gov/tb

TB EDUCATION AND TRAINING RESOURCES WEBSITE

This website is a service of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Division of Tuberculosis Elimination. It is intended for use by TB and other healthcare professionals, patients, and the general public and can be used to locate or share TB education and training materials and to find out about other TB resources.

http://www.findtbresources.org/scripts/index.cfm

TB EDUCATION & TRAINING NETWORK (TB ETN)

The TB Education and Training Network (TB ETN) was formed to bring TB professionals together to network, share resources, and build education and training skills. http://www.cdc.gov/nchstp/tb/TBETN/default.htm

TB-RELATED NEWS AND JOURNAL ITEMS WEEKLY UPDATE

Provided by the CDC as a public service, subscribers receive:

- A weekly update of TB-related news items
- Citations and abstracts to new scientific TB journal articles
- TB conference announcements
- TB job announcements
- To subscribe to this service, visit: http://www.cdcnpin.org/scripts/listserv/tb_update.asp

TB BEHAVIORAL AND SOCIAL SCIENCE LISTSERV

Sponsored by the DTBE of the CDC and the CDC National Prevention Information Network (NPIN), this Listserv provides subscribers the opportunity to exchange information and engage in ongoing discussions about behavioral and social science issues as they relate to tuberculosis prevention and control.

http://www.cdcnpin.org/scripts/listserv/tb_behavioral_science.asp

OTHER RTMCCS

The Francis J. Curry National Tuberculosis Center serves: Alaska, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, Federated State of Micronesia, Northern Mariana Islands, Republic of Marshall Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Republic of Palau. http://www.nationaltbcenter.edu

The Heartland National Tuberculosis Center serves: Arizona, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, New Mexico, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, and Wisconsin. http://www.heartlandntbc.org

The Southeastern National Tuberculosis Center serves: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. http://sntc.medicine.ufl.edu/